

Master's Thesis

The effectiveness of telepractice on language and communication in Aphasia patients: Literature Review

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ABSTRACT

Aphasia is an acquired communication disorder that impacts understanding, speaking,

reading, and writing in different severity levels and several performance levels, from

word to sentence and discourse. A person with aphasia (PWA) can receive services in

various ways depending on their prefers and needs. One of these ways is telepractice.

Telepractice could be used by Speech-Language Pathologists (SLPs) as an addition to

in-person services or as the primary form. Telepractice was widely used and accepted in

many countries in an attempt of providing improved care for people with no nearby

access to healthcare facilities. Clinical services have been greatly affected by the

pandemic, thus the need of providing remote services was demanded.

The aim of the study was to investigate the effectiveness of telepractice in post-stroke

aphasia in the domains of language and communication.

A systematic review was conducted in this study. The study utilized a systematic search

based on PRISMA guidelines and included 9 articles. All the included studies

investigated the effectiveness of telepractice in post-stroke aphasia. The treatment areas

studies targeted are word retrieval, language skills, communication skills.

In conclusion, the review found that telepractice in the targeted treatment programs is

effective. However, the included articles lack strong methodological designs limiting

the value of the evidence.

Keywords: aphasia, telepractice, language, communication

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