

Doctoral Dissertation

EXAMINING RELATIONSHIPS AMONG TECHNOLOGY SUPPORTIVE PRACTICES, TALENT MANAGEMENT AND RAPID TECHNOLOGY ASSIMILATION TO ACHIEVE INNOVATION AND ORGANISATIONAL COMPETITIVENESS

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Examining relationships among technology supportive practices, talent management and rapid technology assimilation to achieve innovation and organisational competitiveness

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Approval Form

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ABSTRACT

Examining relationships among technology supportive practices, talent

management and rapid technology assimilation to achieve innovation and

organisational competitiveness

This study tested the validity of a newly developed model linking technology

supportive practices to rapid technology assimilation and talent management and

evaluated the causal effects on innovation and organisational competitiveness. The

analysis was based on data gathered from a radio and television broadcasting

house in Cyprus. Structural equation modeling results ascertained that the rapid

technology assimilation was predicted by technology supportive practices, frequency

of new technology introduction, reliability of technologies, managerial support for

new technologies, employee involvement and participation in technological change

and technology specific training. The talent management construct, which was

composed of the talent attraction and talent retention sub-scales, was also predicted

by the aforementioned technology supportive practices. Rapid technology

assimilation and talent management were found to positively relate with product and

process innovation. Product and process innovation were found to positively relate

with organisational competitiveness.

Keywords: Technology Supportive Practices; Talent Management; Rapid

Technology Assimilation; Innovation; Competitive Organisation

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